Audited Financial Statements and Compliance Reports

June 30, 2021



# Audited Financial Statements And Compliance Reports

June 30, 2021

Independent Auditor's Report	
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	4.4
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Fund	17 10
Statement of Net Position – Butte Regional Transit Enterprise Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes	
in Net Position – Butte Regional Transit Enterprise Fund	20
Statement of Cash Flows – Butte Regional Transit Enterprise Fund	21
Notes to the Financial Statements	22-46
	22 10
Required Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget	
And Actual – Planning and Administration Special Revenue Fund	47
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –	
Miscellaneous Plan (Unaudited)	48
Schedule of Contributions to the Pension Plan – Miscellaneous Plan (Unaudited)	40
Schedule of Contributions to the OPEB Plan (Unaudited)	50
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited)	
Cumplementant Information	
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance by Activity –	
Budget and Actual – Planning and Administration Special Revenue Fund	52
Schedule of Direct and Indirect Costs – Planning and Administration Special	50
Revenue Fund	
Schedule of Allocations and Disbursements – State Transit Assistance Fund	
Schedule of Allocations and Disbursements – State of Good Repair Fund	
Compliance Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, the	
Transportation Development Act and Other State Program Guidelines	56
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on	
Internal Control over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	





Telephone: (916) 564-8727 Fax: (916) 564-8728

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Butte County Association of Governments Chico, California

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Butte County Association of Governments (Association), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Association's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Association as of June 30, 2021, the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison for the Planning and Administration Fund, Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Miscellaneous Plan (Unaudited). Schedule of Contributions to the Pension Plan - Miscellaneous Plan (Unaudited), Schedule of Contributions to OPEB Plan (Unaudited) and Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Association's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 3, 2022 on our consideration of the Association's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters, including the Transportation Development Act and other state program guidelines. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Association's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richardson & Company, LLP

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Butte County Association of Governments (Association) provides an overview of the Association's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at financial performance as a whole. Users of these financial statements should read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the basic financial statements following this section to enhance their understanding of the Association's financial performance.

# **Financial Highlights**

- Government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Association exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$35,129,070 (net position). The Association's total net position increased by \$4,657,828 largely due to the purchase of six fixed route busses and 5 paratransit busses.
- Governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balances of \$8,250,960.
   \$3,174,468 represents funds set aside for future transit capital and \$4,546,114 is restricted for transit operations and transportation projects. Unassigned fund balance of \$517,686 is 16.8% of current planning expenditures.
- The proprietary fund for Butte Regional Transit reports an ending net position of \$11,393,929, which is largely made up of the investment in capital assets. This fund increased in the current year by \$1,871,230, largely related to the purchase of capital assets.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Association's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all Association assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the balance reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Association's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event takes place regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash inflows and outflows in future fiscal years, such as note receivable, future pension and other post-employment health benefits (OPEB).

# **BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS** MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# **Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)**

The government-wide financial statements report activities that are either primarily financed with intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) or activities that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Governmental Activities - The Association's governmental activities include the planning and administration activities of the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) and the Regional Transportation Planning Agency (RTPA). The Association is responsible for oversight of the State Transit Improvement Plan (STIP), and the allocation of Transportation Development Act (TDA) funds and Regional Surface Transportation Planning (RSTP) funds to the local jurisdictions.

Business-type activities - The Association's business-type activities consist of the policy board and administration of the Butte Regional Transit (BRT) system.

The Government-wide Financial Statements are presented on pages 14-15.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Association, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Association maintains four major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for each of the major funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are similar in nature to the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used in evaluating the Association's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. This will allow readers to get a better understanding of the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Association adopted an annual budget for the Planning and Administration Fund only. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# **Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)**

The Basic Governmental Fund Financial Statements are presented on pages 16-18 of this report.

The Association maintains one major proprietary fund. Information is presented in the proprietary fund *Statement of Net Position*, the *Statement of Revenues*, *Expenditures and Changes in Net Position* and the *Statement of Cash Flows*.

**Proprietary funds** -Proprietary funds are used in the same manner as *business-type activities* that operate on an accrual basis of accounting. They provide the same type of information as in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Association maintains the following type of proprietary fund:

**Enterprise fund** – Enterprise funds account for activities in which the public is charged a fee for goods or services. The Association uses an enterprise fund to account for the operations of Butte Regional Transit (BRT).

The Enterprise Fund Financial Statements are presented on pages 19-21 of this report.

### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements are presented on pages 22-46 of this report.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

**Statement of Net Position -** The following table shows the comparative net position for governmental and business-type activities.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ess-type				
	activ	vities	acti	vities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Assets and Deferred Outflows:								
Current and other assets	\$ 11,682,389	\$ 9,346,198	\$ 8,985,574	\$ 8,810,039	\$ 20,667,963	\$ 18,156,237		
Long-term assets	15,481,100	15,481,100	-	-	15,481,100	15,481,100		
Capital assets, net	910,229	999,970	11,244,410	9,258,495	12,154,639	10,258,465		
Total assets	28,073,718	25,827,268	20,229,984	18,068,534	48,303,702	43,895,802		
Deferred outflows	449,963	418,542	-		449,963	418,542		
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:								
Current liability	3,487,044	4,097,563	732,044	1,422,973	4,219,088	5,520,536		
Long-term liability	1,253,428	1,126,628	8,104,011	7,122,862	9,357,439	8,249,490		
Total liabilities	4,740,472	5,224,191	8,836,055	8,545,835	13,576,527	13,770,026		
Deferred inflows	48,068	73,076	-	-	48,068	73,076		
Net Postition:								
Investment in capital assets	910,229	999,970	11,244,410	9,258,495	12,154,639	10,258,465		
Restricted	7,720,582	4,957,907	26,824	30,317	7,747,406	4,988,224		
Unrestricted	15,104,330	14,990,666	122,695	233,887	15,227,025	15,224,553		
Total net position	\$ 23,735,141	\$ 20,948,543	\$ 11,393,929	\$ 9,522,699	\$ 35,129,070	\$ 30,471,242		

The Association's net position reflects \$12,154,639 of investment in capital assets. The largest portion, \$11,244,410 is made up of the busses and transit stations used by Butte Regional Transit. The remaining \$910,229 of capital assets listed in the governmental activities include office equipment placed in service in the new facility and land held for mitigation purposes.

Restricted net position of \$7,747,406 includes \$4,546,114 of TDA funds awaiting apportionment to the jurisdictions, \$3,174,468 restricted for transit capital, \$26,824 of interest earned on grant funds.

The unrestricted net position, \$15,227,025, may be used to meet the Association's ongoing obligations to creditors. Unrestricted net position includes the note receivable of \$15,481,100 that is part of the New Markets Tax Credit funding arrangement for the transit facility construction, as described in Note E. After removing the long-term note receivable, the Association would have shown a deficit of \$254,075. The underlying deficit in net position is a result of booking long-term liabilities for pension and health benefits per Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requirements. For further information on the noncurrent liabilities, see Note J in the Financial Statements.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)**

**Statement of Activities -** The following table indicates the comparative changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ess-type					
	activ	vities	activ	vities	Total				
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020			
Program Expenses									
Planning and administration	\$ 2,720,543	\$ 2,543,903	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,720,543	\$ 2,543,903			
Transportation claimants	11,892,452	13,154,197	-	-	11,892,452	13,154,197			
Transit operations	-	-	10,948,276	11,388,621	10,948,276	11,388,621			
Total expenses	14,612,995	15,698,100	10,948,276	11,388,621	25,561,271	27,086,721			
Revenues and Transfers									
Program revenues:									
Operating grants and contributions	4,554,552	4,251,784	8,711,974	8,417,411	13,266,526	12,669,195			
Capital grants and contributions	49,207	-	3,490,510	154,430	3,539,717	154,430			
Charges for services	-	-	780,849	1,393,285	780,849	1,393,285			
General revenues:									
Tax based revenue	12,542,242	11,838,988	-	-	12,542,242	11,838,988			
Investment earnings	175,281	397,722	(34,576)	126,665	140,705	524,387			
Gain (Loss) on sale of assets	-	-	(50,940)	200	(50,940)	200			
Net transfer/contributions	78,311		(78,311)	(69,776)		(69,776)			
Total revenues	17,399,593	16,488,494	12,819,506	10,022,215	30,219,099	26,510,709			
Change in Net Position	2,786,598	790,394	1,871,230	(1,366,406)	4,657,828	(576,012)			
Net Position - beginning	20,948,543	20,158,149	9,522,699	10,889,105	30,471,242	31,047,254			
Net Position - ending	\$ 23,735,141	\$ 20,948,543	\$ 11,393,929	\$ 9,522,699	\$ 35,129,070	\$ 30,471,242			

# **Governmental Activities**

Planning and administration expenses of \$2,720,543 are primarily driven by the federal and state responsibilities required as the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) and the Regional Transportation Planning Agency (RTPA) for Butte County. Transportation and transit planning projects for the year totaled \$1.62 million in expense. Construction and mitigation projects totaled \$245 thousand for the year. General and administrative expense, including pension and health benefit expense, makes up the remaining balance.

Transportation claimants include BRT and the cities, town, and County of Butte. In the current year claimants received \$11,892,452 in Regional Surface Transportation Plan (RSTP), Transportation Development Act (TDA) and State of Good Repair (SGR) funds.

Operating grants and contributions of \$4,554,552 include \$2,717,252 of federal RSTP funds, which are exchanged each year for more flexible state highway funds. The remaining balance includes federal and state planning funds of \$1,837,300 which fluctuate based on project needs.

Tax-based revenues of \$12,542,242 which include the TDA and SGR, continued to increase due to strong consumer spending throughout the pandemic.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# **Business-type Activities**

Business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements reflect the same information found in the Association's enterprise fund financial statement, but in a more consolidated format. Due to TDA regulations, there can be no earnings on operations funded with TDA, thus the transactions resulting in a \$1.87 million increase in net position are largely related to the purchase, disposal, and depreciation of transit fixed assets, which are discussed in the capital asset section below. Transit operations are further discussed in the enterprise fund analysis below.

# **Governmental Funds Financial Analysis**

As of June 30, 2021, the Association's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$8,250,960. The focus of the Association's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. The Association maintains four major governmental funds.

# **Planning and Administration**

The Planning and Administration Fund, the main operating fund for the BCAG transportation planning responsibilities, has an ending fund balance of \$530,378. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures not including capital outlay to assess the Association's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Unassigned fund balance of \$517,686 represents 16.8% of current planning expenditures and includes the carryover of LTF planning funds and state planning, programming and monitoring (PPM) funds used for match requirements. Unassigned fund balance is also affected by over/under absorbed indirect costs. During the current fiscal year, indirect costs were under recovered by \$57,359, which increases the total unreimbursed indirect costs for the two-year carryover period to \$117,595. This amount will continue to be adjusted through future years indirect cost reimbursements.

The Planning and Administrative Fund final budget and actual amounts are shown on the *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual.* The Planning and Administration Fund final expenditure budget of \$4,503,674 was adopted by the Board in June of 2021. Notable budget adjustments from the original adoption in May of 2020 include the addition of the Paradise Transit Center work element, which continues the effort. All other adjustments were for the purpose of bringing estimates in line with actual costs and funding agreements.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

TOT the Histar real ended Julie 30, 2

# **Governmental Funds Financial Analysis (continued)**

Actual salary and benefit expenditures in the Planning and Administration Fund were consistent with budget projections. Services and supplies were significantly lower than budget predominately due to requirements to budget multi-year grant revenue and expenditures. This holds true for REAP, FTA 5307 transit planning and FTA 5304 projects. Also solar infrastructure expenditures did not materialize in the fiscal year. The combined effect is a 30.3% favorable variance in the overall actual Planning and Administrative expenditures compared to the budget. The *Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance by Activity* in the Supplementary Information shows budget to actual amounts by work element (project).

# **State Highway**

Federal regional surface transportation program (RSTP) funds are exchanged each year for more flexible state highway funds and are disbursed to the cities, town and county. Current year apportionments and allocations of \$2.7 million have remained consistent over the past several years. Fund balance of \$922 represents unallocated interest.

# **Local Transportation Fund and State Transit Assistance**

These two funds were created by the California Transportation Development Act (TDA) of 1971 to improve existing public transportation and encourage regional transportation coordination. They are restricted for transit or transportation and are ultimately for the benefit of the claimants, Butte Regional Transit, the cities, town and County of Butte. BCAG also receives an annual allocation for the purpose of transportation planning and TDA administration.

Apportionments of TDA funds are dependent on the level of funding received from the state. Local Transportation Funds, which come from ¼ cent of the state sales tax collected within Butte County, have increased by 1.2% from the prior year funding level. State Transit Assistance, which is derived from the statewide sales tax on diesel fuel, has stabilized around \$2 million due to the influx of funds related to the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017 (SB1). Allocations of TDA are approved by the BCAG Board each year based upon the claimant's request for funds, which are reviewed by the Association's staff for compliance with TDA regulations.

Total LTF fund balance increased by \$2,105,718 in the current year to a total of \$6,009,898. Fund balance restricted for transit capital purchases increased \$600,000 to a total of \$2,200,000 per the authorized apportionment. Fund balance restricted for future transit operations or transportation claims increased by \$1,505,718, with \$3,809,898 available for future apportionment. Total STA fund balance increased by \$368,967 with \$735,294 available for future apportionment. The significant increases in TDA fund balance reflects the use of federal CARES funding in transit operations. TDA fund balance may be needed in future years to cover declining fare revenues that have materialized due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

# State of Good Repair

This fund was created pursuant to the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017 (SB1) to provide funding for transit maintenance, rehabilitation, and capital projects. Funds are derived from a portion of a new transportation improvement fee on vehicle registrations and passed through the State Controller's Office. Fund balance restricted for transit capital purchases of \$974,468 has been designated for future electric bus purchases.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

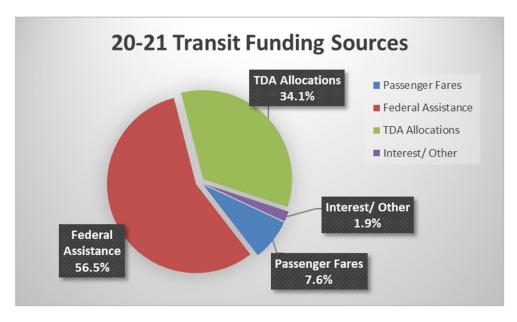
# **Enterprise Fund Financial Analysis**

The Association's enterprise fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, business-type activities, but in more detail. The enterprise fund, Butte Regional Transit (BRT), reports the activities of the consolidated county-wide transit system administered by the Association, established July 1, 2005. The enterprise fund reflected an increase in net position of \$1,871,230. Transportation Development Act (TDA) regulations prohibits earnings on operations funded with TDA, thus the transactions resulting in this net change are largely related to the purchase, disposal, and depreciation of transit fixed assets, which are discussed in further detail below in the investment in capital asset section.

This fiscal year continues to be defined by the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Paratransit service, which is based on demand, was down by 37%. Fixed route service has remained the same except for the reduction of student shuttle routes (8 & 9) which served the CSUC campus. This was made possible, despite falling passenger counts, because of additional funding for public transit provided through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act signed on March 27, 2020.

Butte Regional Transit served 326,270 passengers on fixed route service and 49,999 on the paratransit dial-a-ride service, designated for seniors and the disabled. This is a 55% decline in fixed route passengers and a 52% decrease in paratransit riders over the prior year. Transit operating expense less depreciation (which is included in the investment in assets) totaled \$9,529,319. This was \$977,705 less than the budgeted expense for the year, largely owing to reductions in paratransit service.

Passenger fares, which represents total operating revenues, covered 7.6% of total operating expense (less depreciation) compared to 13.5% in the prior year. The remaining operations expense is largely paid by Federal Transit Administration (FTA) grants and State TDA funding as pictured below. Federal assistance, which includes CARES Act funding, covers 56.5% of the operating expense compared to 58.1% in the prior year. Allocations of TDA balance out the annual budget. With the decrease of federal funds and reduced operating expense, the TDA allocations increased to cover 34.1% compared to 27.3% in the prior year.



# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# **Enterprise Fund Financial Analysis (continued)**

The California Transportation Development Act requires that minimum local revenue as a percentage of operating expenditures be maintained to ensure compliance. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, only the Regional Fixed Route service met the minimum requirement as shown in Note S in the financial statements. In June of 2020, the California Assembly passed AB90 which provides an exemption to the Transportation Development Act (TDA) requirement through FY 2020/21. In July of 2021, AB 149 was passed that extended the farebox requirement exemption through FY 2022/23.

# **Investment in Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2021, the Association's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$12,154,639, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, structures and improvements, vehicles and equipment. Capital assets are not booked in governmental funds but are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, net of depreciation, for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

		Governmen	tal act	ivities	Business-type activities			Total						
	2021		2020		2021			<b>2021</b> 2020		2020		2021		2020
Land	\$	570,000	\$	570,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	570,000	\$	570,000		
Construction in progress		8,222				-		-		8,222		-		
Structures and improvements		-		-		1,186,164		1,215,452		1,186,164		1,215,452		
Vehicles and equipment		332,007		429,970		10,058,246		8,043,043		10,390,253		8,473,013		
Total, net of depreciation		910,229		999,970		11,244,410		9,258,495		12,154,639		10,258,465		

Investments in capital assets of the Governmental Activities was reduced \$138,948 related to annual depreciation expense on office equipment. Construction in progress relates to the design of the solar infrastructure needed to support the electric bus rollout. IT equipment and Covid-19 protective measures were added to office equipment totaling \$40,985.

During the year, Butte Regional Transit purchased six fixed route busses and five paratransit busses which were funded with Federal Transit Administration (FTA) grants. Annual depreciation of assets offset these additions for a total increase of \$1,985,915 in net investment in capital assets for the Business-type Activities. Further discussion of capital assets can be found in the capital asset Note G in the financial statements.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

As BCAG heads into the 2022 calendar year, California's economy is growing and remains strong despite the ongoing impacts of the global pandemic. California's revenues are growing at historic rates, and it is estimated that the state will have a \$31 billion surplus to allocate in 2022-23 fiscal year. The underlying reasons for the increase in revenues are due to three main factors; a jump in retail sales of double digits during 2021; stock prices have doubled from their pandemic low last spring and tax revenues are coming in much higher than were forecasted. The Legislative Analysist Office has even indicated that the state is on pace to have so much money that it could exceed a constitutional limit on state spending by \$26 billion over three years. That could require Gov. Gavin Newsom and state lawmakers to either cut taxes, spend more money on infrastructure or give rebates to taxpayers and spend more on public schools.

The forecast for the state's 2022 economy shows continued moderate growth with the forecast for job growth expected to be at 4.2% compared with 3.5% nationwide. California's housing market will also see continued growth with the market continuing to be a "sellers' market", and new housing will continue to be in demand with a tight supply. Housing starts and other portions of the economy will be impacted by continued supply chain delays.

The outlook on federal transportation funding looks very positive for 2022 with the signing of President Bidens Bipartisan Infrastructure Deal in November 2021. The new surface transportation package is the largest investment in transportation in recent decades and includes a significant increase in funding for the nation's public transit systems, rail, highways, and low emission vehicles.

The new federal funding will help transit agencies like Butte Regional Transit address replacement of aging bus fleets and with the conversion of bus fleets to electric or other low emission vehicles. For federal fiscal year 2022, the Secretary for the Department of Transportation, Pete Buttigieg has requested \$52.5 billion in funding for transportation programs covering highway, rail, safety, transit, bridges, and planning. This level of transportation funding should greatly benefit the economy and help to fund the needed improvements in the state transportation infrastructure and transit systems.

In summary, the outlook for transportation funding programs that support BCAG's planning and capital projects for the Butte County region looks better than in recent years. During the 2022 calendar year, BCAG will work closely with the state transportation agencies as they continue to develop new guidelines for transportation funding programs in response to the Governors recent Executive Orders covering transportation planning and programming, and the states' goal to align state funding programs with climate goals. During 2022, BCAG will continue to be focused on finding funding programs to support the conversion of the B-Line bus fleet to zero emission vehicles, and to ensure sufficient funding for needed safety improvements on the region's highways and priority projects. BCAG will also be initiating the North Valley Passenger Rail Strategic Plan which will outline the needed improvements and cost to extend daily passenger rail service from Natomas to Butte County. This project will be a multiyear study and will be developed in coordinate with several neighboring cities and counties, in addition to Caltrans, the San Joaquin Joint Powers Agency (SJJPA) and the San Joaquin Regional Rail Commission.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the Association's finances and to show accountability for the funds that it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Butte County Association of Governments, 326 Huss Drive, Suite 150, Chico, California, 95928. Information can also be found on the Association's website at www.bcag.org.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	GovernmentalActivities			siness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS	·	<u> </u>		_	<u></u>	_
Cash and investments	\$	8,547,007	\$	2,736,134	\$	11,283,141
Receivables		3,144,668		5,049,389		8,194,057
Internal balances		(21,978)		21,978		-
Prepaid expenses		12,692		100,857		113,549
Restricted cash and investments		· <u>-</u>		1,077,216		1,077,216
Notes receivable - long term		15,481,100		-		15,481,100
Nondepreciated capital assets		578,222		-		578,222
Depreciated capital assets, net		332,007		11,244,410		11,576,417
Total assets		28,073,718		20,229,984		48,303,702
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Postemployment benefits plan		133,577		-		133,577
Employee pension plan		316,386		-		316,386
Total deferred outflow of resources		449,963		-		449,963
LIABILITIES						
Payables		3,205,979		732,044		3,938,023
Unearned revenues		225,450		8,104,011		8,329,461
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year		55,615		-		55,615
Due in more than one year		1,253,428				1,253,428
Total liabilites		4,740,472		8,836,055		13,576,527
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		40.000				40.000
Postemployment benefits plan		12,629		-		12,629
Employee pension plan Total deferred inflow of resources		35,439				35,439
rotal deferred inflow of resources	-	48,068	-	<u>-</u>		48,068
NET POSITION		040.000		44.044.440		40.454.000
Investment in capital assets		910,229		11,244,410		12,154,639
Restricted for transit / transportation		7,720,582		26,824		7,747,406
Unrestricted	_	15,104,330		122,695		15,227,025
Total net position	\$	23,735,141	\$	11,393,929	\$	35,129,070

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	l Business-type Activities	Total
PROGRAM EXPENSES	7101111100	71011711100	
Governmental activities:			
Planning and administration	\$ 2,720,54	13 \$ -	\$ 2,720,543
Transportation claimants	11,892,45		11,892,452
Total governmental activities	14,612,99	95 -	14,612,995
Business-type activities:			
Transit operations		10,948,276	10,948,276
Total program expenses	14,612,99	95 10,948,276	25,561,271
PROGRAM / OPERATING REVENUES			
Operating grants and contributions	4,554,55	52 8,711,974	13,266,526
Capital grants and contributions	49,20	3,490,510	3,539,717
Charges for services	-	780,849	780,849
Total program/operating revenues	4,603,75	12,983,333	17,587,092
Net program (expense) revenues	(10,009,23	2,035,057	(7,974,179)
GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS			
State shared revenue - sales and use taxes	12,542,24	12 -	12,542,242
Investment earnings	175,28	31 (34,576)	140,705
Loss on sale of assets	-	(50,940)	(50,940)
Transfer to governmental activities	78,31		
Total general revenues	12,795,83	34 (163,827)	12,632,007
Change in net position	2,786,59	98 1,871,230	4,657,828
Net position - beginning	20,948,54		30,471,242
Net position - ending	\$ 23,735,14		\$ 35,129,070

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

			М	ajor Funds				Non-Ma	ijor Fur	nd		
		anning and		State Highway	Tra	Local ansportation Fund		State Transit ssistance	•	State of Good Repair	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets				<u> </u>			-	-				
Cash and investments Prepaid costs	\$	453,915 12,692	\$	1,824,973 -	\$	4,981,119 -	\$	366,096 -	\$	920,904	\$	8,547,007 12,692
Accounts receivable  Due from other governments		15,377 589,097		<u>-</u>		2,095,454		- 391,176		53,564		15,377 3,129,291
Total assets	\$	1,071,081	\$	1,824,973	\$	7,076,573	\$	757,272	\$	974,468	\$	11,704,367
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities:												
Warrants payable	\$	19,863	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,863
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable		161,839 133,551		-		-		-		-		161,839 133,551
Due to other funds		-		-		-		21,978		-		21,978
Due to other governments		-		1,824,051		1,066,675		-		_		2,890,726
Unearned revenues		225,450						-				225,450
												_
Total liabilities		540,703		1,824,051		1,066,675	-	21,978			-	3,453,407
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable - prepaid costs		12,692		-				-				12,692
Restricted - apportioned for transit capit	t	-		-		2,200,000		-		974,468		3,174,468
Restricted - transit/ transportation Unassigned		- 517,686		922		3,809,898		735,294		-		4,546,114 517,686
-				000		0.000.000		705.004		074.400	_	
Total fund balances		530,378		922		6,009,898		735,294		974,468		8,250,960
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,071,081	\$	1,824,973	\$	7,076,573	\$	757,272	\$	974,468	\$	11,704,367
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANT TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POS			'ERN	MENTAL FU	NDS							
Fund balances - total governmental funds	3										\$	8,250,960
Amounts reported for governmental activity	ities	in the statemer	t of n	et position are	differe	ent because:						
Long-term note receivable reported in g and, therefore, are not reported in the g			es ar	e not available	to pa	y current expe	nditure	S				
Note receivable	,											15,481,100
Capital assets and capital assets report	ted ir	n governmental	activi	ties are not fin	ancial	resources						
and, therefore, are not reported in the g	jover	nmental funds.										
Nondepreciated capital as												578,222
Depreciated capital assets	s, net	t of depreciation	1									332,007
Pension/OPEB changes to be recognize are reported as deferred outflows of res												449,963
Certain liablilites are not due and payab	ole in	the current pe	riod a	nd. therefore. a	are no	ıt						
reported in the funds.		Jan 10111 po		,	110	-						
Net pension liablility												(993,976)
Net OPEB liability												(203,836)
Compensated absenses												(111,231)
Pension/OPEB changes to be recognize	ed in	the future as p	ensio	n/OPEB exper	nse							
are reported as deferred inflows of reso	ource	es on the stater	nent o	of net position								(48,068)
Net position of governmental activities											\$	23,735,141

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

		Major Funds		Non-Ma			
	Planning and Administration	State Highway	Local Transportation Fund	ransportation Transit		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues: Sales and use taxes State highway funds Federal grants State grants Local reimbursements Interest and other	\$ - 1,125,233 761,274 585,940 229,648	\$ - 2,717,252 - - - (35,387)	\$ 10,707,014 - - - - - (30,028)	\$ 1,517,489 - - - - - 3,836	\$ 317,739 - - - - - - - 7,212	\$ 12,542,242 2,717,252 1,125,233 761,274 585,940 175,281	
Total revenues	2,702,095	2,681,865	10,676,986	1,521,325	324,951	17,582,271	
Expenditures: Allocations: Butte Regional Transit County of Butte City of Biggs City of Chico City of Gridley City of Oroville Town of Paradise Salaries and benefits Services and supplies	- - - - - - 1,779,919 1,308,143	894,775 17,919 1,321,744 82,651 234,550 167,187	2,825,760 1,681,308 45,624 2,717,876 157,713 478,903 114,084	1,066,358 - - - 86,000 - - -	- - - - - - - - -	3,892,118 2,576,083 63,543 4,039,620 326,364 713,453 281,271 1,779,919 1,308,143	
Capital outlay	49,207					49,207	
Total expenditures  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures  Other financing sources (uses):	3,137,269 (435,174)	2,718,826	2,655,718	1,152,358 368,967	324,951	<u>15,029,721</u> 2,877,501	
Transfer in Transfer out	628,311		(550,000)			628,311 (550,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	628,311		(550,000)			78,311	
Net change in fund balances	193,137	(36,961)	2,105,718	368,967	324,951	2,955,812	
Fund balances - beginning	337,241	37,883	3,904,180	366,327	649,517	5,295,148	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 530,378	\$ 922	\$ 6,009,898	\$ 735,294	\$ 974,468	\$ 8,250,960	

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,955,812
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Following are the changes to capital assets in the governmental activities.  Depreciation expense Capital outlay	(138,948) 49,207
Non-cash reimbursements from New Market Tax Credit financing are not recognized in the governmental funds because they do not represent current financial resources.	
The statement of activities is a government-wide statement which requires the elimination of intra-agency transactions reported in the individual fund financial statements.  General revenues	(585,940)
Planning and administration expense	585,940
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to postemployment benefits plan	25,300
Deferred outflows of resources related to employee pension plan	6,121
Change in compensated absences	(18,204)
Change in net OPEB liability	(5,895)
Change in net pension liability	(111,803)
Deferred inflows of resources related to postemployment benefits plan	2,241
Deferred inflows of resources related to employee pension plan	 22,767
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,786,598

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION BUTTE REGIONAL TRANSIT ENTERPRISE FUND June 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,736,134
Accounts receivable	39,023
Due from other funds	21,978
Due from other governments	5,010,366
Prepaid expense	100,857
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,077,216
Capital assets, net	11,244,410
<del>-</del>	00 000 004
Total assets	20,229,984
LIABILITIES	
Warrants payable	60,875
Accounts payable	671,169
Unearned revenues	8,104,011
	_
Total liabilities	8,836,055
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	11,244,410
Restricted grant investment earnings	26,824
Unrestricted	122,695
	,
Total net position	\$ 11,393,929

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUTTE REGIONAL TRANSIT ENTERPRISE FUND For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES Revenue from fares	\$ 721,894
OPERATING EXPENSES  Administration Americans with Disabilities Act certification Insurance Vehicle maintenance Materials and equipment Purchased transportation Fuel including taxes and fees Miscellaneous operating Building operations & maintenance Depreciation  Total operating expenses	414,363 49,039 405,017 29,819 239,957 6,935,999 720,229 258,969 475,927 1,418,957
OPERATING LOSS	(10,226,382)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Federal transit assistance TDA operating allocation State operating grants Investment earnings Advertising sales Loss on sale of fixed assets Total nonoperating revenues	5,382,125 3,245,973 83,876 (34,576) 58,955 (50,940) 8,685,413
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(1,540,969)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS  TDA capital allocation State capital grant Federal capital contributions  Total capital contributions	15,452 3,100 3,471,958 3,490,510
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfer out	(78,311)
Change in net position	 1,871,230
Net position - beginning	9,522,699
Net position - ending	\$ 11,393,929

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS BUTTE REGIONAL TRANSIT ENTERPRISE FUND For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	728,358
Payments to suppliers and claimants		(9,737,590)
Payments for interfund services used		(585,940)
Payments for advertising sales		58,955
Net cash used by operating activities		(9,536,217)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating grants received		8,392,910
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		8,392,910
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital acquisitions		(3,081,812)
Proceeds from sales		26,004
Capital grants Capital apportionment		3,541,668 400,000
Transfer out to BCAG		(78,311)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		807,549
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investment earnings received		57,065
Net cash provided by investing activities		57,065
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(278,693)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		4,092,043
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	3,813,350
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,736,134
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	1,077,216
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,813,350
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating loss	\$	(10,226,382)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to		
net cash used by operating activities:		1 110 057
Depreciation Advertising sales		1,418,957 58,955
/ dvortoning bales		(82,987)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		( , ,
Accounts receivable		6,464
Prepaid expense		(20,295)
Warrants payable		(635,997)
Accounts payable  Total adjustments		(54,932)
Total adjustments		690,165
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(9,536,217)
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Donated capital assets	\$	40,985

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# 1. Reporting Entity

The Butte County Association of Governments (the Association) was formed in 1969 as a Joint Powers Agency (JPA), between the cities, town and County of Butte. The Board of Directors (Board) is comprised of one appointed councilperson from each of the Cities of Biggs, Chico, Gridley, Oroville and the Town of Paradise and each of the five members of the County's Board of Supervisors.

The Association is the federally designated Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for Butte County, created to ensure regional cooperation in transportation planning. It is also recognized under California Government Code Section 29532 as the Regional Transportation Planning Agency (RTPA). Responsibilities of the Association are outlined in a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the California Department of Transportation and include the development and adoption of transportation policy; review and coordination of transportation planning; a Regional Transportation Plan; a Regional and Federal Transportation Improvement Program; air quality conformity determinations; and regional housing needs study. These activities enable local jurisdictions within the county to qualify for a variety of state and federal funding for transportation projects.

Effective July 1, 2005, the Association also assumed responsibility for the Butte Regional Transit (BRT) system, a consolidated public transit system serving the cities, town and county. The Association is responsible for transit policy and administration, including preparation of the annual B-Line Service Plan & Budget and National Transit Data (NTD) reporting.

The Association is also responsible for the administration of certain state programs relating to transportation. These funds are apportioned and allocated to local jurisdictions based on the related statues and regulations. Disbursements by the County Auditor-Controller's Office are made in accordance with the Association's annual allocation instructions. Further description of these programs is given below with the respective major fund purpose.

The Association does not exercise control over any other governmental agency or authority. The Association is considered a primary government since it has a separate governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments.

The Association has established relations with Butte Regional Transportation Corporation (BRTC), a non-profit public benefit corporation, established to support transportation needs in Butte County. BRTC is a legally separate entity that is not included in the Association reporting entity because the Association does not have sufficient influence over the activities of the BRTC. The Association has contributed the operations facility and land to BRTC who then used the property as collateral to enter into loan agreements with community development entities (CDEs) to provide funding for construction of the Butte Regional Transit operations facility. BRTC leases the facilities to the Association, as described in Note L in the financial statements.

After March 10, 2023 the Association will have the option to acquire 100% interest in <u>Chase New Markets Tax Credit (NMTC) BCAG Transportation Center Investment Fund, LLC</u> referenced in Note F. At such time, the Association would own the assets in this Investment Fund, including its interest in the CDEs that hold the loans made to BRTC. The Association may then choose to dissolve the loans to BRTC and may take ownership of the facility improvements funded with proceeds from the loans

After March 10, 2026, the Association will have the options to acquire 100% interest in <a href="Chase NMTC"><u>Chase NMTC BCAG Phase 2 Investment Fund, LLC</u></a> referenced in Note F. At such time, the Association would own the assets in this Investment Fund, including its interest in the CDE that holds the loans made to BRTC. The Association may then choose to dissolve the loans to BRTC and may take fee simple ownership of the completed facility.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The financial statements of the Association have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

### 2. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

In following with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, the Association applies two financial statement presentations to the current year data: a consolidated government-wide presentation and an individual fund-based presentation.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Association considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period for all revenues other than grant revenues. A one-year period is used for revenue recognition for all grant revenues. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual primarily include sales tax revenues, state and federal revenues, and interest. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary fund financial statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as with government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. There are two types of proprietary funds, internal service funds and enterprise funds for service provided to the public for a fee. For the Association's enterprise fund, the principal operating revenues are bus fares and advertising fees. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of transit service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# 3. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Association's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position and statement of activities report information on all the activities of the Association. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Association's activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a specific function. Program revenues represent grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of the Association's activities. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 4. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements show the activities of a grouping of related accounts, or fund that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Association, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Association fund financial statements include governmental and proprietary funds which are similar in nature to the governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide statements.

The Association considers the following governmental funds as major:

**Planning and Administration Special Revenue Fund –** used to account for transportation planning and administration activities of the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) and the Regional Transportation Planning Agency (RTPA) which are funded from various federal, state and local sources.

**State Highway Special Revenue Fund –** used to account for the exchange of federal Regional Surface Transportation Program (RSTP) funds for more flexible state highway funds. These funds are allocated to the cities, town and County of Butte and are eligible for activities defined under Article XIX of the California state constitution, including planning, construction and maintenance of public streets and roads.

**Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund** – created pursuant to the Transportation Development Act (TDA) of 1971 to account for the proceeds of ¼ cent of the state's 7½ percent retail sales tax collected within Butte County and distributed by the California Board of Equalization. These funds are allocated to the Association and the County Auditor-Controller's Office for administration and planning and to local transit operators for transit service. Additional funding can be used by the cities, town and county for local streets and roads, once transit needs have been met.

In addition, the Association has the following non-major governmental funds:

**State Transit Assistance Special Revenue Fund –** created pursuant to the TDA to account for the allocations received from the State for transportation planning and mass transportation purposes. Funds are derived from the statewide sales tax on diesel fuel and passed through the State Controller's Office. These funds are allocated to local transit operators.

**State of Good Repair Special Revenue Fund –** created pursuant to Senate Bill 1 (SB1), the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017, to provide funding for transit maintenance, rehabilitation, and capital projects. Funds are derived from a portion of a new Transportation Improvement Fee on vehicle registrations and passed through the State Controller's Office. These funds are allocated to transit operators in the county.

The Association reports one major proprietary fund, which is sub-categorized as an enterprise fund because the source of the revenues collected are derived from the public:

**Butte Regional Transit (BRT) Enterprise Fund –** accounts for the B-line public transportation operations and capital assets. Funded by fare revenues, TDA allocations, and grants from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA).

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 5. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Association maintains specific cash deposits with the County and voluntarily participates in the external investment pool of the County. The Association considers all amounts held in the County's Treasury pool to be cash equivalents.

# Due from/to Other Governments

These amounts represent receivables/payables with other federal, state and local governments.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include improvements and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Association defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements and equipment are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets (3-12 years) and the Oroville transit center is depreciated over the estimated useful life of 50 years on the straight-line method.

#### Warrants Payable

Warrants payable represent the amount of checks issued but not yet presented to the County for payment. Such amounts are recorded in the individual funds. When the checks are mailed, expenditures are recorded in the individual funds and an outstanding warrants liability is created, pending clearing of the check at the County.

### Compensated Absences

It is the Association's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. If the employee has accrued more than 240 hours of sick leave upon separation in good standing, the employee may be compensated for the portion over 240 hours at half (1/2) the normal rate of pay, up to a maximum of \$3,000. CalPERS members may use their sick leave at retirement as a credit, with 0.004 year of service credit for each unused sick day. Sick leave is included in accrual. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. The liability for this amount is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The Planning and Administration Fund has been used to liquidate the compensated absences liability.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Net Position**

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements report net position presentation. Net position is categorized as the investment in capital assets, which is net of related debt, restricted and unrestricted.

*Investment in capital assets* – This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the net position balance.

Restricted – This category represents external restrictions imposed by grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted* – This category represents net position of the Association not restricted for any project or other purpose.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based upon the nature of the spending constraints of the revenue sources of these funds. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are in nonspendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Association itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., board resolution). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Association takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance – amounts the Association intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Association's Board or an individual or body to whom the Association's Board has delegated the authority.

*Unassigned fund balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the Association considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Association considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Association's Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. These amounts will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditures/expense) or an inflow of resources (revenue) until the earning process is complete. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are related to the Association's pension plan and OPEB plan, as described in Note O and P, respectively.

### Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to the pension plan, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Association's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The Association obtains an actuarial valuation report every two years. From this report, a supplementary schedule is prepared by the actuary with measurement dates one year in arrears of the financial report date.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Association and additions to/deductions from the Association's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Association. For this purpose, the Association recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

# **Indirect Costs**

Expenditures are accumulated and allocated to the projects using an indirect cost rate, pre-approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), applied on the basis of direct labor and benefit costs incurred by the projects.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# NOTE B - NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Association is currently analyzing the impact of the required implementation of these new statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment. Any contract that meets this definition should be accounted for under the lease's guidance, unless specifically excluded in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020. This Statement addresses a number of practice issues identified during the implementation of certain GASB Statements, including 1) the effective date of Statement No. 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-03, Leases, for interim financial statements; 2) reporting of intra-entity transfers between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit OPEB plan; 3) the applicability of Statements No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits; 4) the applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, to postemployment benefit arrangements; 5) measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition; 6) reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers; 7) reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature; and 8) terminology used to refer to derivative instruments. This Statement is applicable for items 1) and 7) above upon its issuance and is effective for the other items above for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE C - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The operating budget for the Association's Planning and Administration Fund is adopted as part of the Overall Work Program (OWP) which is approved annually by the Association's Board of Directors (the Board) and Caltrans. The Board also approves the annual B-line (BRT) Service Plan and Budget. The Association does not legally adopt annual budgets for the State Highway Fund, Local Transportation Fund, State Transit Assistance and State of Good Repair Funds, though allocation amounts are approved by the Board of Directors. Amendments which alter total expenditures of a work element budget within the OWP require approval by the Board and Caltrans. Amendments in the Butte Regional Transit Fund require approval of the Board of Directors.

The Planning and Administration Fund Budget and Actual report shows the revenues and expenditures of the original budget, as approved by the Board, and the final budget, which includes modifications of the original budget through amendments approved by the Board during the year.

The Board approved the Butte Regional Transit budget annual operating expenditures with no amendments to the original budget.

#### NOTE D - CASH AND INVESTMENTS HELD BY COUNTY TREASURER

In accordance with California Government Code, the Association is required to maintain its cash deposits related to its Local Transportation Fund, State Transit Assistance and State of Good Repair allocations with the County Treasurer. The Association maintains cash deposits with Butte County Treasury and voluntarily participates in the external investment pool of the County, which is not rated by national credit rating agencies. At June 30, 2021, the Association's restricted and unrestricted cash and investments of \$12,360,357, most of which is held in the County's investment pool, are valued at cost, which approximates fair value.

The County is restricted by the California Government Code in the types of investments it can make. Further, the County Treasurer has a written investment policy, approved by the Board of Supervisors, which is more restrictive than State code as to terms of maturity and types of investment. Also, the County has an investment committee, which performs regulatory oversight for its pool as required by California Government Code Section 27134. The County's investment policy authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, bankers' acceptances, medium-term corporate notes, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's investment pool. The weighted average to maturity of the County's investment pool was 651 days.

The fair value of the pooled County Treasury at June 30, 2021 is 100.58% of cost. The value of the pool shares in the County, which may be withdrawn, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is materially equivalent to the fair value of the Association's position in the pool. Information regarding the investments within the County's pool, including related risks, can be found in the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

Restricted cash and investments represent cash received from any grant funding that requires separation of funds. Interest earned on these funds is also considered restricted. Grant funds are considered unearned revenue until used for the purpose specified for these funds; accumulated interest associated with these funds are held in the restricted fund balance. The restricted cash and investments balance of \$1,077,216 on June 30, 2021 is related to the California Low Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP).

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE E - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments consisted of the following as of June 30, 2021:

	Plai	nning and	Tra	Local Insportation	ç	State Transit		State of	Bı	ıtte Regional		
	Administration		Fund		Assistance Fund				Transit		Total	
County Payroll Clearing California Department of	\$	78,472	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78,472
Transportation		453,660		-		-		-		2,666,550		3,120,210
California Department of												
Fish and Wildlife		17,861		-		-		-		-		17,861
California Department of												
Tax and Fee Administration		-		2,095,454		-		-		-		2,095,454
California State Controllers												
Office		-		-		391,176		53,564		-		444,740
Federal Transit												
Administration		39,104		-		-		-		2,343,816		2,382,920
	\$	589,097	\$	2,095,454	\$	391,176	\$	53,564	\$	5,010,366	\$	8,139,657

#### NOTE F - LONG TERM NOTE RECEIVABLE

The Association shows long-term notes receivable of \$15,481,100 in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, which represents two promissory notes held with investment funds. These notes were secured by a Fund Pledge Agreement for the purpose of establishing a qualified equity investment (QEI) with community development entities (CDE). The CDEs collectively funded subsidized loans to the Butte Regional Transportation Corporation (BRTC) to partially fund the construction of the Butte Regional Transit operations facility and solar installation. The note receivable is reflected in the unrestricted net position in the governmental activities. Details of the notes follow:

On March 10, 2016, the Association and Chase New Markets Tax Credit BCAG Transportation Center Investment Fund, LLC (Borrower), a Delaware limited liability corporation, entered into an agreement for the Association to Ioan \$11,364,500 to the Borrower, with a maturity date of September 1, 2042. From and after the effective date of March 10, 2016, the principal balance shall accrue interest at 1.452%, and such interest shall be payable in arrears, in quarterly installments, commencing on June 10, 2016. Interest payments totaling \$165,013 were received during the year ended June 30, 2021. Principal payments begin March 10, 2024. After March 10, 2023, the tax credits from the investment will be exhausted. At which time, the Association will have the option to acquire 100% of the interest in the Chase New Markets Tax Credit BCAG Transportation Investment Fund, LLC for an agreed upon price projected to be around \$1,000. The Association would then own the interest in the CDEs that hold the Ioans made to BRTC and may then choose to dissolve the Ioans and may take ownership of the real and/or personal property funded with proceeds from the Ioans.

On November 29, 2018, the Association and Chase New Markets Tax Credit BCAG Phase 2 Investment Fund, LLC (Borrower 2), a Delaware limited liability corporation, entered into an agreement for the Association to Ioan \$4,116,600 to the Borrower 2 with a maturity date of December 1, 2044. From and after the effective date of November 29, 2018, the principal balance shall accrue interest at 1.0%, and such interest shall be payable in arrears, in quarterly installments, commencing on December 10, 2018. Interest payments totaling \$42,047 were received during the year ended June 30, 2021. Principal payments begin March 10, 2026. After March 10, 2026, the tax credits from the investment will be exhausted. At which time, the Association will have the option to acquire 100% of the interest in the Chase New Markets Tax Credit BCAG Phase 2 Investment Fund, LLC for an agreed upon price projected to be around \$1,000. The Association would then own the interest in the CDEs that hold the loans made

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

to BRTC and may then choose to dissolve the loans and may take fee simple ownership of the completed facility.

#### NOTE G - CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2021, the Association's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities totaled \$12,154,639, net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets in the government-wide financial statements are recorded as capital outlay expense in the governmental funds' statements. There were no asset additions to governmental funds in the current year.

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities: Land	\$ 570,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 570,000	
Construction in Progress	-	8,222	-	8,222	
Nondepreciated Capital Assets:	570,000	8,222	-	578,222	
Office Equipment	1,122,431	40,985	(45,696)	1,117,720	
Accumulated Depreciation	(692,461)	(138,948)	45,696	(785,713)	
Depreciated Capital Assets:	429,970	(97,963)		332,007	
Business-type Activites (BRT):	:				
Structures & Improvements	1,599,543	-	-	1,599,543	
Vehicles & Equipment	19,629,326	3,481,816	(2,802,808)	20,308,334	
Accumulated Depreciation	(11,970,374)	(1,418,957)	2,725,864	(10,663,467)	
Depreciated Capital Assets:	9,258,495	2,062,859	(76,944)	11,244,410	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 10,258,465	\$ 1,973,118	\$ (76,944)	\$ 12,154,639	

Depreciation expense was charged to programs as follows:

Planning and Administrative	<u>\$ 138,948</u>
Transit Operations	<u>\$ 1,418,957</u>

During the fiscal year, \$3,481,816 of equipment was added to the business-type activities. BRT purchased six new clean diesel fixed route buses with the bike racks and GTFS communication tracking for each bus. The purchases were funded by the FTA Cares grant and capital reserves. There were also five new paratransit busses purchased through a state contract using FTA 5310 funding. Six fixed route and four paratransit busses were sold.

At the fiscal year end, \$49,207 was transferred from business-type activities to governmental activities for capital related items. \$40,985 of office equipment added relates to new computers and COVID-19 security measures in the board room. \$8,222 of construction in progress relates to the design of solar enhancements for future electric bus infrastructure. The old computers were removed from service.

The Association is a fee title holder of land with a cost of \$570,000 to be used in mitigation of future capital projects. The Association is temporarily holding these properties until a suitable third party can be granted all rights to fee title. In mitigation, ecological boundaries may not necessarily coincide with jurisdictional political boundaries.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE H - PAYABLES

Payables for the Association's major funds as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Warrants Payable	Accounts Payable	Salaries and Benefits Payable	Due To Other Governments	Total	
Planning and Administration	\$ 19,863	\$ 161,839	\$ 133,551	\$ -	\$ 315,253	
State Highway	-	-	-	1,824,051	1,824,051	
Local Transportation Fund	-	-	-	1,066,675	1,066,675	
Butte Regional Transit	60,875	671,169			732,044	
Total Payables	\$ 80,738	\$ 833,008	\$ 133,551	\$ 2,890,726	\$ 3,938,023	

### NOTE I - INTERFUND / INTERNAL BALANCES

Interfund balances on the governmental funds balance sheet can result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided, or reimbursable expenditures occur, and when the payments between funds are made; also, from interfund borrowing.

Internal balances of \$21,978 between the governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement coincides with the due to other funds in the State Transit Assistance fund and the due from other funds in Butte Regional Transit fund.

# NOTE J- INTERAGENCY TRANSACTIONS/ TRANSFERS

Interagency transfers are used to move revenues from a fund that is required by statue to receive them to a fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. During the fiscal year, the Local Transportation Fund transferred \$550,000 to the Planning and Administration Fund as part of the annual allocation of local transportation funds to support transit planning and Transportation Development Act administration. Butte Regional Transit transferred \$78,311 to the Planning and Administration Fund; \$37,326 of Low Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP) funding for transit planning and \$40,985 of capital grant funding.

Butte Regional Transit (BRT) reimburses the Planning and Administrative Fund for the salaries and benefits of the BRT administration/ADA staff, the BRT share of facility maintenance staff and the transit portion of the facility lease for a total of \$585,940 in the fiscal year. The revenue and expense in the Planning and Administration Fund are eliminated from the government-wide Statement of Activities so as not to double count these funds.

# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

# NOTE K - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 in the statement of net position was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Compensated absences Net pension liablility Net OPEB liability	\$ 93,027 882,173 197,941 1,173,141	\$117,357 111,803 38,644 267,804	\$ 99,153 - 32,749 131,902	\$ 111,231 993,976 203,836 1,309,043	
Due within one year	(46,513)			(55,615)	
Due in more than one year	\$ 1,126,628	\$267,804	\$131,902	\$ 1,253,428	

For further information regarding the pension liability see Note O below. For further information regarding other postemployment benefits (OPEB) see Note P below.

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE L - OPERATING LEASE

Butte Regional Transit is committed to a lease agreement, which is cancelable with six months' notice, for the use and maintenance of the Chico Transit Center Building and grounds. The agreement expires March 31, 2024. Lease expenditures were \$6,000 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The Association amended the September 1, 2016 lease agreement with Butte Regional Transportation Corporation (BRTC) for the BRT operations facility as of November 29, 2018, to include the solar canopy. The Association maintains functional control and responsibility for maintenance. As described in Note F, the Association may take ownership of the facility after March 10, 2026, at which time the lease would be cancelled. Lease payments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 were \$222,000.

Future annual lease commitments under the BRTC facility agreement are as follows:

Lease Period	<b>Future Lease Payments</b>
7/1/2021 - 6/30/2022	\$ 222,000
7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	222,000
7/1/2023 - 6/30/2024	429,000
7/1/2024 - 6/30/2025	708,750
7/1/2025 - 6/30/2026	878,000
7/1/2026 - 6/30/2031	5,315,000
7/1/2031 - 6/30/2036	5,355,000
7/1/2036 - 6/30/2041	5,355,000
7/1/2041 - 6/30/2046	5,355,000
7/1/2046 - 12/1/2048	2,677,500
	\$ 26,517,250

The Association entered into an equipment lease agreement with Butte Regional Transportation Corporation (BRTC) for the BRT solar panels, racking and inverters. The Association maintains functional control and responsibility for maintenance. As described in Note F, the Association may take ownership of the facility after March 10, 2026, at which time the lease would be cancelled. Equipment lease payments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 were \$5,000.

Future annual lease commitments under the BRTC facility agreement are as follows:

<u>Lease Period</u>	Future Lease Payments
7/1/2021 - 6/30/2022	\$ 5,000
7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	5,000
7/1/2023 - 6/30/2024	5,000
7/1/2024 - 6/30/2025	5,000
7/1/2025 - 6/30/2026	5,000
7/1/2026 - 6/30/2031	25,000
7/1/2031 - 6/30/2036	25,000
7/1/2036 - 12/1/2038	12,500
	\$ 87,500

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE M - UNEARNED REVENUES**

Unearned revenue activity as of June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Unearned Revenues	Beginning Balance	Recei	ved/Refunded	E	xpended	Ending Balance
Planning and Administration SR 70 Mitigation	\$ 199,100	\$	26,350	\$	-	\$ 225,450
Butte Regional Transit Capital reserve Operations carryforward LCTOP	3,847,115 2,575,810 699,937		400,000 292,684 437,431		61,990 - 86,976	4,185,125 2,868,494 1,050,392
Total	\$ 7,321,962	\$	1,156,465	\$	148,966	\$ 8,329,461

The largest portion of the BRT unearned revenue balance, \$4,185,125, consists of local transportation fund allocations set aside for transit capital or transit planning needs, and is also utilized to cover significant federal transit receivables that are reimbursements of transit operating expense several months in arrears. These funds will be recognized as earned revenues when eligible expenditures are made.

Unearned operations revenue of \$2,868,494, represents local transportation allocations in excess of actual net expense in the fiscal year. These funds may be used towards operations in the following fiscal year.

Also included in unearned revenue are various prefunded capital and operating grants that recognize revenue as expenditures are incurred.

- SR 70 Mitigation funds of \$225,450, received from the federal/state transportation improvement program, will be used to cover future mitigation costs.
- The Low Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP) created from the Transit, Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program, established by California Senate Bill 862, provides operating and capital assistance to transit agencies to reduce greenhouse gas emission and improve mobility, with a priority on serving disadvantaged communities. The Association received \$437,431 in the current year which will be applied to the future purchase of an electric bus and related infrastructure. Current fiscal year expenditures of \$86,976 include \$49,650 related to a mobile ticketing application for the B-Line service and \$37,326 transferred to the Planning and Administration Fund for transit planning and design related to future electric bus infrastructure. Grant funds remaining as of June 30, 2021 total \$1,050,392. Interest earned on restricted grants is included in restricted cash and totals \$26,824 at June 30, 2021.

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE N - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Association is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Association reports all of its non-transit related risk management activities in its Planning and Administration Special Revenue Fund. The Association purchases commercial insurance through an insurance agent, who obtains the appropriate insurance coverage needed by the Association from insurance companies. The contractor providing transit operations services for BCAG is required to maintain insurance coverage related to all transit operations provided. Required minimum levels of coverage are included in the contractual agreement.

The Association obtains insurance coverage relating to workers' compensation claims for Association employees through the State Compensation Insurance Fund. The Association makes quarterly payments based on a percentage of payroll. There is no deductible paid by the Association regarding workers' compensation.

The Association's maximum coverage follows:

Held by Butte County Association of Governments:	Limits of Insurance
COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY COVERAGES (all locations) General aggregate limit Each occurrence limit Personal & advertising injury Damage to rented premises (each occurance) Excess liability each occurrence/aggregate	\$ 2,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 100,000 5,000,000
PERSONAL PROPERTY COVERAGES  Location #1: BCAG Admin/ BRT Operations Facility, 326 Huss Dr, Chico, C Blanket building Blanket business personal property Blanket business income/loss of rents Catastrophe limit	A 23,512,421 638,900 250,000 24,378,321
<u>Location #2: Chico Transit Center, corner of 2nd &amp; Salem</u> Business personal property	Included
Location #3: Oroville Transit Center, 2465 Spencer Ave Business personal property Two restrooms - coverage limit each	Included Included
DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS	1,000,000
Held by Butte Regional Transit Contractor: Commercial general liability Business automobile insurance Umbrella liability Workers' compensation and employers liability Damage to rented premises Medical expense Personal & advertising injury Products - comp/op AGG	5,000,000 5,000,000 10,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 10,000 5,000,000 5,000,000

To date there have been no significant reductions in any of the Association's insurance coverages, and no settlement amounts have exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE O - PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u>: All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Association's cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Association currently participates in the CalPERS Miscellaneous Plan, with separate contribution rates for employees hired after January 1, 2013 per California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA).

Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by state statute and BCAG Board resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided: CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (52 for PEPRA employees) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is the 1959 Survivor Benefit or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustment for the plan is applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan			
	Classic Rate Plan PEPRA Rate Pla			
Hire date	(Prior to January 1, 2013)	(from January 1, 2013)		
Benefit formula (at full retirement)	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement age range for benefit factor	50 - 63	52 - 67		
Benefit factor per retirement age	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%		
Required employee contribution rates	7.0%	6.75%		
Required employer contribution rates	10.48%	7.732%		

The Classic Miscellaneous Plan is closed to new members that are not already CalPERS eligible participants.

<u>Contributions</u>: Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary. Minimum contributions for the Plan are determined by CalPERS annually on an actuarial basis and reported in the Annual Valuation Report. The actuarially determined rates are the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Association is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Association's contributions made to the Plan were \$174,741, which includes \$60,509 of required contributions to the unfunded accrued liability. Employee contributions totaled \$79,759 during the year ended June 30, 2021.

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE O - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: The Association records the valuation of the liability of the pension benefit, net of the contributions invested in the Plan, on the government-wide financial statements. A net pension liability included in the non-current liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources are shown on the statement of net position. Pension expense is shown in the planning and administration program expense on the statement of activities.

As of June 30, 2021, the Association reported a net pension liability of \$993,976 for its share of the net pension liability. The Association's net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the Plan pool net pension liability as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. The Association's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of measurement dates June 30, 2019 and 2020 was as follows:

Proportionate share - June 30, 2019	0.02203%
Proportionate share - June 30, 2020	0.02356%
Change in net pension liability share	0.00153%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Association recognized pension expense of \$257,656 and reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan:

	 red Outflows Resources	 red Inflows Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ -	\$ (7,089)
Differences between actual and expected experience	51,222	-
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings	29,528	-
Differences between employers contribution and employer's		
proportionate share of contributions	1,602	(28,350)
Change in employer's proportion	59,293	-
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	 174,741	
Total	\$ 316,386	\$ (35,439)

In the deferred outflows of resources above, the \$174,741 related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as net deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as adjustments to pension expense as follows:

#### Fiscal Year ending June 30

\$ 27,278
35,373
29,393
 14,162
\$ 106,206
\$

#### For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE O - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total pension liabilities measured at June 30, 2020 in the CalPERS GASB 68

Accounting Report were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date June 30, 2019

Measurement date June 30, 2020

Actuarial cost method Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 7.15%
Inflation 2.50%
Projected salary increase Varies by entry age and service
Mortality rate table Derived using CalPERS membership
data for all funds

Post retirement benefit increase Contract COLA up to 2.5%

The underlying mortality rate table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at the statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Long-term Expected Rate of Return</u>: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (Public Employees' Retirement Fund) cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expense.

#### BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE O - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Current		
	Target	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 - 10(a)	Years 11+(b)
Global equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation sensitive	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the Association's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the Association's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.15%	7.15%	
Net pension liability	\$ 1,646,099	\$ 993,976	\$ 455,147

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about each pension the plans fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Pension Plan Payable: At June 30, 2021, the Association reported no payables to the pension plan.

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE P - OTHER POSTEMPLOYEE BENEFITS (OPEB)

Effective September 1, 2006, the Association established a postemployment healthcare benefits plan (the Plan) which is contracted with the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan under the Public Employee's Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA).

<u>Plan Description</u>: Employees who retire under the provisions of the Associations Retirement Contract with CalPERS may continue to cover themselves and their dependents under the health plan. The Plan's provisions were approved by the Board of Directors under Resolution # 2006/07-01. Medical coverage is provided through CalPERS under the PEMHCA, also referred to as PERS Health. Employees become eligible to retire upon attainment of age 50 and 5 years of service. The retired employee is responsible for the total premium less the minimum statutory amount under PEMHCA contributed by the Association, which is \$143/month for 2021. Additionally, employees with 10 years of continuous service are entitled to twelve months of paid health plan coverage (employee only) at the same rate immediately following retirement as the current employee contribution.

<u>Contributions</u>: To ensure funding availability for these future post-employment benefits, the Association established a trust fund, effective June 24, 2015 with the California Employers' Benefit Trust (CERBT), a Section 155 trust fund dedicated to prefunding OPEB liabilities for all eligible California public agencies. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Association. The contribution amount to prefund the benefits are determined annually during the budget process, based on actuarially determined rates and availability of funds. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Association has no outstanding payments to the Plan and contributed \$60,000, which is included in salaries and benefits in the governmental funds and considered a deferred outflow of resources in the statement of net position. The total balance of the trust at June 30, 2021 is \$260,860.

Net OPEB Liability: Net OPEB liability is the difference between the total actuarially determined OPEB liability and the Plan fiduciary net position invested in the CERBT. The Association's net OPEB liability reported as of June 30, 2021 is measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2019. As of the June 30, 2019 valuation date the Association had 12 active full-time employees who were eligible for post-retirement health benefits and no retirees who receive post-retirement health benefits.

<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERBT financial report at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Components of the net OPEB liability reported as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

As of Measurement date	 tal OPEB Liability	Fiduciary t Position	 let OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2019 Change in the year:	\$ 319,300	\$ 121,359	\$ 197,941
Service cost	16,011	_	16,011
Interest	22,633	-	22,633
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Differences in expected/actual experience	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	30,000	(30,000)
Actual investment income	-	2,814	(2,814)
Administrative expense/trust fees	-	(65)	65
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 357,944	\$ 154,108	\$ 203,836

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE P - OTHER POSTEMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	July 1, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age level percent of pay
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	6.75%
Return on assets	6.75%
Inflation rate	3.0% per annum
Projected salary increase	3.0% per annum
Healthcare cost trend rate	5.8% to 5.0% by 2029 and later
Pre-retirement mortality rate	RP-2014 Employee Mortality table
Post-retirement mortality rate	RP-2014 Health Annuity Mortality table
PEMHCA minimum increase	3.5% for 2017 and later years

Retirement and termination assumptions used were based on a best estimate of future experience.

The assumed gross rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation ad best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for ach major asset class are summarized in the following table.

	Percentage	Expected Rate
Asset Class	of Portfolio	of Return
Global equity	59%	5.5%
Fixed income	25%	1.5%
Treasury inflation protected securities	5%	1.2%
Real estate investment trusts	8%	3.7%
Commodities	3%	0.6%
	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75%. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE P - OTHER POSTEMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Association, as well as what the Association's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Net OPEB liability	\$ 237,743	\$ 203,836	\$ 173,923

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Association, as well as what the Association's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
	4.9% in 2020,	5.9% in 2020,	6.9% in 2020,
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	4% ultimate,	5% ultimate,	6% ultimate,
	3% medicare	4% medicare	5% medicare
Net OPEB liability	\$ 165,363	\$ 203,836	\$ 248,839

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>: For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Association recognized OPEB expense of \$38,354 and reported the following deferred outflows and inflows of resources:

	red Outflows Resources	rred Inflows Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 60,000	\$ -
Differences between actual and expected experience	68,492	-
Changes in assumptions	-	(11,203)
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings	5,085	(1,426)
Total	\$ 133,577	\$ (12,629)

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE P - OTHER POSTEMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

In the deferred outflows of resources above, the \$60,000 related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as net deferred outflows and net deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as adjustments to OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Defe	red Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
June 30		of Resources	0	f Resources
2022	\$	11,056	\$	(2,241)
2023		11,056		(2,024)
2024		11,056		(1,988)
2025		11,056		(1,609)
2026		9,786		(1,609)
2027-2028		19,567		(3,158)
	\$	73,577	\$	(12,629)

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources: Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss and the year the deferral was established. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments is recognized over 5 years. All other amounts are recognized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) for all members (active and retirees), which ranges from 9.0 to 9.9 years in the current schedule.

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE Q - CONTINGENCIES

The Association receives a significant portion of its revenues from the state of California and federal government agencies. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies and the state controller's office. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the Association. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Association expects such amounts, if any, would be immaterial.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. Demand for transit services declined by 70% overall in the wake of the outbreak and continued to be depressed by 55% overall compared to the prior fiscal year. This resulted in a reduction of fare revenue of 46% from the prior year. Despite these declines, fixed route service was maintained with minor route revisions as public transportation is considered an essential service. In response to the pandemic, the federal government passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act on March 27, 2020 which provided some relief to transit operators for lost fare revenue. The full extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Association's operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and its impact on the citizens of Butte County and additional relief funding from government sources.

#### NOTE R - COMMITMENTS

The Association has a contract for transit operations and maintenance service for the period beginning July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2024, with two two-year possible extensions. The maximum amounts payable for the remaining contract is as follows:

Fiscal Year 2021/22 \$ 8,191,247 Fiscal Year 2022/23 8,456,878 Fiscal Year 2023/24 8,765,161

#### NOTE S - COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS OF LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUNDS

The Transportation Development Act (TDA) is defined at Chapter 4 of the California Public Utilities Code commencing with Section 99200. The Butte Regional Transit Fund is subject to TDA provisions requiring the calculation and adherence of fare and local support ratios for TDA transit funding. Fare revenue ratios are calculated as the percentage of fare revenue and other local support to net operating expense as calculated below. Butte Regional Transit rural fixed route and para-transit operations must maintain minimum fare ratios of 10%, while the urban fixed route operation must maintain a minimum fare ratio of 20%.

For the year ending June 30, 2021, Butte Regional Transit was not in compliance with the required minimum fare ratio for its urban fixed route and its para-transit operations due to the COVID-19 pandemic. TDA Regulation stipulates that the first year a transit operator does not meet its required minimum fare revenue ratio is a grace year and TDA allocations could be reduced in future years if it does not comply with the required minimum ratio during future years. However, due to the pandemic, the California Assembly passed AB 90 in June of 2020 which provides an exemption to the TDA minimum farebox requirement through fiscal year 2020/21. In July of 2021, AB 149 was passed that extended the farebox requirement exemption through fiscal year 2022/23.

#### BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE S - COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS OF LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUNDS (Continued)

Farebox ratios for June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
	Fixed Route	_Fixed Route	Para-transit	_Para-transit_
Fare collection	\$ 307,491	\$ 281,635	\$ 33,678	\$ 99,090
Advertising	23,578	35,377	-	
Local Revenue	\$ 331,069	\$ 317,012	\$ 33,678	
Operating expenses	\$ 3,701,340	\$ 5,042,731	\$ 641,453	\$ 1,562,752
Less: depreciation expense	(602,219)	(689,309)	(39,847)	(87,582)
Net operating expenses	\$ 3,099,121	\$ 4,353,422	\$ 601,606	\$ 1,475,170
Fare revenue ratio	10.7%	7.3%	5.6%	6.7%





# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

		BUDGETED	AMO	JNTS				
					4	ACTUAL	VAR	IANCE WITH
	C	RIGINAL		FINAL	A	MOUNTS	FINA	AL BUDGET
Revenues: Federal grants State grants Local reimbursements Interest and other	\$	1,713,954 1,264,778 586,765 207,060	\$	1,818,526 1,304,592 586,765 207,060	\$	1,125,233 761,274 585,940 229,648	\$	(693,293) (543,318) (825) 22,588
Total revenues		3,772,557		3,916,943		2,702,095		(1,214,848)
Expenditures: Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay		1,743,998 2,619,649 -		1,810,645 2,693,029 -		1,779,919 1,308,143 49,207		(30,726) (1,384,886) 49,207
Total expenditures		4,363,647		4,503,674		3,137,269		(1,366,405)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(591,090)		(586,731)		(435,174)		151,557
Other financing sources: Transfer in		550,000		550,000		628,311		78,311
Total other financing sources		550,000		550,000		628,311		78,311
Net change in fund balance		(41,090)		(36,731)		193,137	\$	229,868
Fund balance - beginning		337,241		337,241		337,241		
Fund balance - ending	\$	296,151	\$	300,510	\$	530,378		

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY-MISCELLANEOUS PLAN (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal year ended	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.02274%	0.02033%	0.02080%	0.02145%	0.02131%	0.02203%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 561,981	\$ 557,623	\$ 722,431	\$ 845,578	\$ 803,040	\$ 882,173
Covered payroll - measurement date	\$ 815,082	\$ 900,972	\$ 894,787	\$ 955,360	\$ 1,032,893	\$ 990,193
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	68.95%	61.89%	80.74%	88.51%	77.75%	89.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.02%	81.71%	78.03%	77.88%	80.82%	80.94%
CalPERS GASB 68 Accounting Report- measurement date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Discount rate/Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.65%	7.65%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in assumptions: In the 2018 accounting report, the demographic assumptions and the inflation assumptions and the inflation rate were changed in accordance CalPERS Experience Study.

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information with this required supplementary schedule. As this was implemented the year ending June 30, no information available prior to this date.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PENSION PLAN-MISCELLANEOUS PLAN (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal year ended	J	une 30, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jur	ne 30, 2017	Jur	ne 30, 2018	Jι	ıne 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$	111,351	\$	110,360	\$	123,148	\$	136,521	\$	123,802	\$	156,237
contributions		(111,351)		(110,360)		(123,148)		(136,521)		(123,802)		(156,237)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Covered payroll- fiscal year	\$	900,972	\$	894,787	\$	955,360	\$	1,032,893	\$	990,193	\$	1,138,555
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.36%		12.33%		12.89%		13.22%		12.50%		13.72%
CalPERS Actuarial Valuation Report as of:		June 30, 2012	Ju	ne 30, 2013	Jui	ne 30, 2014	Jui	ne 30, 2015	Jı	une 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2017

Methods and assumptions in the valuation reports used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method		Entry age normal cost method								
Amortization method of unfunded liability		Level percentage of assumed future payroll								
Asset valuation method	15-yr smooth Mkt			Market value o	of assets					
Salary growth			Varies by Ent	ry Age and Ser	vice	<u> </u>				
Discount Rate	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.375%	7.25%				
Inflation	2.75%	2.75% 2.75% 2.75% 2.75% 2.75% 2.625%								
Overall payroll growth for unfunded liability	3.00%	3.00% 3.00% 3.00% 3.00% 3.00% 2.875%								

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information with this required supplementary schedule. As this was implemented the year ending June 30, 2015, there was no information available prior to this date.

### BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE OPEB PLAN (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal year ended	Jui	ne 30, 2018	June 3	30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Actuarily determined contribution - employer fiscal year Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	24,534 30,000 (5,466)	\$	23,698 30,000 (6,302)	•	31,620 30,000 1,620	\$	32,569 30,000 2,569
Covered-employee payroll - employer fiscal year	\$	1,032,893	\$ !	990,193	\$	1,138,555	\$	1,147,872
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payrol		2.90%		3.03%		2.63%		2.61%
Notes to contribution schedule: Valuation date Measurement period - fiscal year ended Reporting period - fiscal year ended	Ju	July 1, 2017 ne 30, 2017 ne 30, 2018	June	,	Jı	July 1, 2019 une 30, 2019 une 30, 2020	Jι	July 1, 2019 une 30, 2020 une 30, 2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Amortization period of net liability
Healthcare cost trend rates
Salary increases
Discount rate

Entry-age normal cost method										
	Level percentage of payroll									
20 years	20 years 20 years 20 years 20 years									
6.0%	5.0%	6% to 5%	5.8% to 5%							
3.0%	3.0% 3.0% 3.0%									
6.5%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%							

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2018. No information was available prior to this date. Information will be added prospectively as it becomes available until 10 years are reported.

### BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

	J	une 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	J	June 30, 2020
Total OPEB liability:					_
Service cost	\$	14,122	\$ 14,546	\$	17,707
Interest		10,593	12,199		14,094
Changes of assumptions		-	(5,632)		(9,358)
Differences between expected and actual experience		- 04.745	- 04 440		88,062
Net change in total OPEB liability		24,715	21,113		110,505
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	162,967	 187,682		208,795
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	187,682	\$ 208,795	\$	319,300
Plan fiduciary net position:					
Contributions - employer	\$	15,000	\$ 30,000	\$	30,000
Net investment income		3,137	4,343		8,567
Administrative expense/trust fees		(27)	(51)		(84)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		18,110	34,292		38,483
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		30,474	48,584		82,876
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	48,584	\$ 82,876	\$	121,359
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	139,098	\$ 125,919	\$	197,941
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		25.89%	39.69%		38.01%
Covered-employee payroll - measurement period	\$	955,360	\$ 1,032,893	\$	990,193
Net OPEB liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		14.56%	12.19%		19.99%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses		6.86%	10.08%		8.74%
Notes to schedule: Valuation date Measurement period - fiscal year ended Reporting period - fiscal year ended		July 1, 2017 June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018	July 1, 2017 June 30, 2018 June 30, 2019		July 1, 2019 June 30, 2019 June 30, 2020

Benefit changes. None.

Changes in assumptions. In 2020, healthcare trend rates were increased for periods prior to 2029. Also, discount rates were as follows:

Discount rate

6.50%

6.75%

6.75%

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2018. No information was available prior to this date be added prospectively as it becomes available until 10 years are reported.



# BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BY ACTIVITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted	d Amounts					Actual-Fund	ling Sources						
	Work Element Number	Original	Final	FHWA-PL FTA 5303	SB1	FTA 5304	LTF/ Interest/ Other	US DFW Sec 6 Grant	State REAP	State SHOPP	FTA 5307	State LCTOP	CMAQ	Totals	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:															
Federal grants		\$ 1,713,954	\$ 1,818,526	\$914,409	\$ -	\$153,859	s -	\$ 17,861	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,672	\$ -	\$ 15,432	\$ 1,125,233	\$ (693,293)
State grants		1.264.778	1.304.592	-	311.527	-	113.000		106.746	230.001	· 20,0.2	· -	ψ .0,.02 -	761,274	(543,318)
Local reimbursements		586.765	586.765	_	-	_	585,940	_	-	200,001	_	_	_	585,940	(825)
Transfers in		550,000	550,000	_	_	_	590,985	_	_	_	_	37,326	_	628,311	78,311
Interest and other		207,060	207,060	-	-	-	229,648	-	-	-	-	-	-	229,648	22,588
Total revenues		4,322,557	4,466,943	914,409	311,527	153,859	1,519,573	17,861	106,746	230,001	23,672	37,326	15,432	3,330,406	(1,136,537)
Expenditures:															
OWP Development & Reporting	100	189,979	189,979	148,098	_	_	19,188	_	_	_	_	_	_	167,286	22,693
Outreach, Education, & Intergovernmental Coord	101	86,553	76.553	49,612	_	_	6.428	_	_	_	_	_	_	56.040	20,513
Regional Transportation Model	102	74,532	74,532	25,971	_	_	3,365	_	_	_	_	_	_	29,336	45,196
Regional GIS Coordination	103	82,032	82,032	56,454	_	_	7,314	_	_	_	_	_	_	63,768	18,264
Transportation Air Quality Planning	104	17,158	17,158	14,326	_	_	1,856	_	_	_	_	_	_	16,182	976
Federal Trans. Improvement Program (FTIP)	105	56.064	56,064	33.603		_	4,353	_	_	_	_	_	_	37,956	18,108
Regional Trans. Improvement Program (RTIP)	106	67,152	67,152	58,719	_	_	9,442	_	_	_	_	_	_	68,161	(1,009)
Regional Trans. Plan/Sustain Communities Strategy	107	111,697	124.864	101,736	_	_	13,181	_	_	_	_	_	_	114,917	9,947
Regional Housing Needs Plan	108	758,000	758,000	-	_	_	19,267	_	106,746	_	_	_	_	126,013	631,987
US Census Data Affiliate Center Administration	109	17,158	17,158	13,984			1,812	_	100,740					15,796	1,362
Intelligent Transport Systems	110	11,192	11,192	6,717			870						_	7,587	3.605
Butte Regional Conservation Plan	114	54,383	54,383	19.815	-		2,835	17.861					_	40,511	13,872
Regional Performance Measures	120	17,158	17,158	14,581	-	-	1,889	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,470	688
SB1 18/19 Post Campfire Planning	122	330,394	330,394	176,718	74,201		21,320						_	272,239	58,155
SB1 19/20 Sustainable Communities Strategy	123	154,127	67,538	-	56,833	=	7,363	=	=	-	_	_	=	64,196	3,342
SB1 20/21 SB742	123	108,579	105,124	-	80,637	-	10,447	-	-	-	-	-	-	91,084	14,040
SB1 20/21 RGP	125	127,383	127,383	-	99,856	-	12,938	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,794	14,589
North Valley Rail	130	47,226	47.226	38.483	99,030	-	4.986	-	-	-	-	-	-	43.469	3.757
Chico To Sac Plan	131	292,419	275,000	30,463	-	153,859	21,532	-	-	-	-	-	-	175,391	99,609
Paradise Transit Center	215	292,419	30.000	-	-	155,659	21,552	-	-	-	-	-	15,432	15.432	14.568
			203.948	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	15,432	- , -	
SR 191 Project Mitigation TDA Administration	216 300	203,948 123,760	123,760	-	-	-	90.177	-	-	230,001	-	-	-	230,001 90,177	(26,053) 33,583
Trans System Planning	301	369,219	369,219	102,949	-	-	19,256	-	-	-	23,672	-	-	145,877	223,342
	302	451.424	451.424		-	-		-	-	-	23,072	-	-		37.061
Butte Regional Transit Administration				-	-	-	414,363	-	-	-	-	-	-	414,363	
ADA Certification Zero Emission Bus and Infrastructure	303	52,918	52,918	-	-	-	55,784	-	-	-	-		-	55,784	(2,866)
Indirect Costs, net of applied cost rate	308 999	305,212 464,051	309,464 464,051	52,643 -			7,882 568,588					37,326		97,851 568,588	211,613 (104,537)
Total expenditures		4,573,718	4,503,674	914,409	311,527	153,859	1,326,436	17,861	106,746	230,001	23,672	37,326	15,432	3,137,269	1,366,405
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditure	es	\$ (251,161)	\$ (36,731)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 193,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 193,137	\$ 229,868
Fund balance - beginning							337,241							337,241	
Fund balance - ending				\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 530,378	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 530,378	

# SCHEDULE OF DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

	Direct Costs		Allowable Indirect Costs	Loca	allowable/ ally funded ndirect Costs	 Total
Salaries Benefits	\$ 687,412 262,527	\$	410,856 197,589	\$	71,685 149,850	\$ 1,169,953 609,966
Total salaries and benefits	949,939		608,445		221,535	 1,779,919
Direct services and supplies	973,490					 973,490
INDIRECT COSTS OTHER THAN SALA	RY & BENEFITS:					
Communications	-		2,219		-	2,219
Household	-		12,418		6,000	18,418
Insurance	-		11,904		3,000	14,904
Computer Maintenance	-		7,557		1,000	8,557
Maintenance - building	-		8,830			8,830
Memberships	-		6,238		1,590	7,828
Office expense	-		7,297		-	7,297
Professional services	-		44,222		61	44,283
Public notices	-		4,359		-	4,359
Equipment lease	-		5,853		5,000	10,853
Facility lease			-		222,000	222,000
Special expense	-		4,917		-	4,917
Training	-		2,805		-	2,805
Travel	-		8,583		-	8,583
Utilities	-		6,209		10,997	17,206
Small equipment	-		801		-	801
Fixed assets-depreciation			938			 938
Subtotal			135,150		249,648	 384,798
Total costs	\$ 1,923,429		743,595	\$	471,183	\$ 3,138,207
Under-absorbed indirect costs			(57,359)			
Total allocated indirect costs		\$	686,236			
Reconciliation of expenditures to the Plan	nning and Administr	ation Fu	ınd:			
Total direct and indirect costs		\$	3,138,207			
Depreciation			(938)			
Total Planning and Administration Fu	nd expenditures	\$	3,137,269			

### LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND DISBURSEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

	TDA Direnaga		Beginning nallocated/		llocation of	Dishuraamant		Ending Unallocated /	
	TDA Purpose		Reserved	Ар	portionment	DIS	sbursement		Reserved
City of Biggs 99400(a)	Streets and roads Unallocated apportionment	\$	- 9,860	\$	45,624	\$	55,484	\$	-
	Total		9,860		45,624		55,484		<u>-</u>
City of Chico									
99400(a)	Pedestrian and bicycle		-		739,054		739,054		-
99400(a)	Streets and roads		-		1,254,020		1,730,000		-
99400(b)	Other passenger rail		-		53,767		53,767		-
99400(c)	General public transit		-		70,000		70,000		-
99400(d) 99400(e)	Planning and administration Capital expenditures		-		5,552 6,544		5,552 6.544		-
99400(e) 99402	Streets & roads planning				588,939		6,544 588,939		-
99402	Unallocated apportionment		475,980		500,959		300,939		_
	Total		475,980		2,717,876		3,193,856		-
City of Gridley									
99260(a)	Public transportation		-		9,500		9,500		-
99400(a)	Streets & roads		-		148,213		183,968		-
	Unallocated apportionment		35,755		-		-		-
	Total		35,755		157,713		193,468		
City of Oroville									
99400(a)	Streets & roads		-		478,903		572,421		-
	Unallocated apportionment Total		93,518 93,518		478,903		- 572,421		<u>-</u>
Town of Paradi									
TOWIT OF PATAUL	Unallocated apportionment		681,456		114,084		_		795,540
	Total		681,456		114,084		-		795,540
County of Butte	<b>)</b>								
99233.1	TDA administration		-		15,000		15,000		-
99400(b)	Other passenger rail		-		1,680		1,680		-
99400(c)	Elderly & handicapped		-		4,000		4,000		-
99400(a)	Streets & roads		-		1,660,628		1,810,628		-
	Unallocated apportionment Total	-	421,135 421,135		1,681,308		1,831,308		271,135 271,135
Dutto Donional	T								
Butte Regional 99260(a)	Public transportation				2,425,760		2,425,760		
99260(a) 99262	Capital - reserved		1,600,000		1,000,000		400,000		2,200,000
33202	Total		1,600,000		3,425,760		2,825,760		2,200,000
Butte County A	ssociation of Governments								
99233.1	TDA administration		-		123,760		123,760		_
99233.2	TDA planning				426,240		426,240		
	Total		-		550,000		550,000		-
	Total LTF	\$	3,317,704	\$	9,171,268	\$	9,222,297	\$	3,266,675

#### STATE TRANSIT ASSISTANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND DISBURSEMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

	TDA Purpose	ginning lance	ocation of ortionment	Disb	ursements	Endin	g Balance
of Gridle 730(a)	ey, Taxi Service Operating	\$ -	\$ 86,000	\$	86,000	\$	_

City of Gridle 6730(a)	ey, Taxi Service Operating Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$ 86,000 86,000	\$ 86,000 86,000	\$ <u>-</u>
Butte Region				4 000 050	4 000 050	
6730(a)	Operating Total		-	1,066,358 1,066,358	 1,066,358 1,066,358	 -
	Total STA	\$		\$ 1,152,358	\$ 1,152,358	\$ 

#### STATE OF GOOD REPAIR FUND SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND DISBURSEMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

SGR Purpose	eginning Balance	All	ocation of Award	Disbur	sements	End	Ending Balance		
Butte Regional Transit Capital replacement	\$ 642,450	\$	317,739	\$	_	\$	960,189		







550 Howe Avenue, Suite 210 Sacramento, California 95825

Telephone: (916) 564-8727 FAX: (916) 564-8728

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, THE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT AND OTHER STATE PROGRAM GUIDELINES

To the Board of Directors
Butte County Association of Governments
Chico, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Butte County Association of Governments (the Association), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Association's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 3, 2022.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Association's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters (Including Other State Program Guidelines)

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Association's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. Our audit was further made to determine that Transportation Development Act (TDA) Funds allocated and received by the Association were expended in conformance with the applicable statutes, rules and regulations of the TDA and Sections 6661, 6662 and 6667 of the California Code of Regulations. We also tested the receipt and appropriate expenditures of bond funds, as presented in Note L to the financial statements, in accordance with other state program guidelines.

To the Board of Directors
Butte County Association of Governments

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, the TDA or other state program guidelines.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, the TDA and other state program guidelines in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson & Company, LLP

February 3, 2022



550 Howe Avenue, Suite 210 Sacramento, California 95825

Telephone: (916) 564-8727 FAX: (916) 564-8728

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors Butte County Association of Governments Chico, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Butte County Association of Governments' (the Association) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Association's major federal programs for year ended June 30, 2021. The Association's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Association's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Association's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Association's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Association complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Association is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Association's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine

To the Board of Directors
Butte County Association of Governments

the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson & Company, LLP

February 3, 2022

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

2. Internal controls over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified No

b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material

weaknesses? None noted

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

#### Federal Awards

1. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

 Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?

None noted

2. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR, Section 200.516(a)?

No

4. Identification of major programs:

**CFDA Number** 

Name of Federal Program

20.507 and 20.526 Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit Formula Grants, 20.507 and Bus and Bus Facilities

Formula Program, 20.526.

5. Dollar Threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs?

\$ 750,000

6. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under 2 CFR, Section 200.516(a)?

Yes

#### **B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT**

None

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT None

D. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None

#### BUTTE COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Federal Assistance Listing (AL) Number	State Agency Number	BCAG Project Description	Expenditures
Department of the Interior				
Passed through the State of California,				
Department of Fish & Wildlife Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund	15.615	P1820100	20114 Sec 6	\$ 17,861
Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund	13.013	F 1020 100	20114 Sec 0	\$ 17,861
Department of Transportation				
Passed through the State of California, Department of Transp	ortation			
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and No	n-			
Metropolitan Planning and Research	20.505	MFTA 74A0808	FHWA PL	847,805
Federal Transit - Metropolitan Planning Grants	20.505	MFTA 74A0808	FTA 5303	66,604
State Planning and Research	20.505	MFTA 74A0808	FTA 5304	153,859
			Subtotal 20.505	1,068,268
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Progr	ram			
Intercity Bus Program	20.509	SA 64CO20-01108	FTA 5311(f) BRT Operating-Rural FR	300,000
Intercity Bus Program	20.509	SA 64KO20-01358	FTA 5311(f) BRT Operating-CARES	129,842
Nonurbanized Area Formula Program	20.509	not available	FTA 5311 BRT Operating-Rural FR	765,737
Nonurbanized Area Formula Program	20.509	SA 64VO20-01286	FTA 5311 BRT Operating-CARES	760,829
			Subtotal 20.509	1,956,408
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disab	pilities 20.513	SA 64AC19-01138	FTA 5310 Captial	367,722
Direct award from Department of Transportation,				
Federal Transit Cluster				
Federal Transit Administration				
Buses and Bus Facilites Formula, Competitive, and Lo	ow or No			
Emissions Programs	20.526	-	CA-2017-099 16/17 5339 Capital	186,143
Federal Transit Formula Grants				
Urbanized Area Formula Program	20.507	-	CA-2019-083 18/19 5307 Capital	32,786
Urbanized Area Formula Program	20.507	-	CA-2020-207 5307 Planning	23,672
Urbanized Area Formula Program	20.507		CMAQ Paradise Transit Center	15,432
Urbanized Area Formula Program	20.507	-	FTA 5307 BRT Operating	2,171,887
Urbanized Area Formula Program	20.507	-	FTA 5307 CARES BRT Operating	1,067,687
Urbanized Area Formula Program	20.507	-	FTA 5307 CARES BRT Capital	3,071,450
			Subtotal 20.507	6,382,914
			Total Federal Transit Cluster	6,569,057
Total awards				\$ 9,979,316

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Butte County Association of Governments (the Association) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the Association's operations, it is not intended to be and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Association.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenses reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenses are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenses are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE C - INDIRECT COST ALLOCATION PLAN

The Association has an indirect cost allocation plan (ICAP) approved by the California State Transportation Agency, Department of Transportation (CalTrans) that is charged to programs where allowed under the related agreements. The ICAP during the year ended June 30, 2021 included an approved indirect cost rate of 72.24% of the total direct salaries and wages.

#### NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no subrecipients of the Association's programs during the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE E - PROGRAM COSTS/MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS

The amounts shown as current year expenses represent only the federal grant portion of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the Association's portion, may be more than shown.

#### NOTE F - NONCASH AWARDS

No noncash awards existed in the current year.